U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO SUE (ISSUED ON REQUEST)

To: Kathleen I. Ruggiero 1650 NE 178th Street North Miami, FL 33161

From:

Miami District Office Miami Tower, 100 S E 2nd Street

Suite 1500 Miami, FL 33131

	On behalf of person(s) aggrieved who CONFIDENTIAL (29 CFR §1601.7(a),	10.400			
EEOC Charge No.		EEOC Representative	очения выпоражения от под от под него подавите от от регология до от	Telephone No.	
		Laverne Foreshaw,			
846-2012-	75670	Investigator		(305) 808-1811	
N otice то тн	E PERSON AGGRIEVED:		(See also the additional informati	ion enclosed with this form.)	
Act (GINA): been issued of your rece	ne Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Ar This is your Notice of Right to Sue, at your request. Your lawsuit under ipt of this notice; or your right to s y be different.)	issued under Title VII, the A Title VII, the ADA or GINA	ADA or GINA based on the above-r must be filed in a federal or stat	numbered charge. It has e court WITHIN 90 DAYS	
	More than 180 days have passed	since the filing of this charg	e.		
X	Less than 180 days have passed since the filing of this charge, but I have determined that it is unlikely that the EEOC will be able to complete its administrative processing within 180 days from the filing of this charge.				
X	The EEOC is terminating its proce	essing of this charge.			
	The EEOC will continue to proces	s this charge.			
Age Discrim 90 days after your case:	ination in Employment Act (ADE. you receive notice that we have co	A): You may sue under the mpleted action on the charg	ADEA at any time from 60 days aft ge. In this regard, the paragraph i	er the charge was filed until marked below applies to	
X	The EEOC is closing your case. 30 DAYS of your receipt of this	Therefore, your lawsuit unde Notice. Otherwise, your rig	er the ADEA must be filed in fede tht to sue based on the above-num	ral or state court <u>WITHIN</u> bered charge will be lost.	
	The EEOC is continuing its handli you may file suit in federal or state	ng of your ADEA case. How court under the ADEA at th	wever, if 60 days have passed sinc his time.	e the filing of the charge,	
in federal or s	ot (EPA): You already have the right tate court within 2 years (3 years for us that occurred more than 2 years	willful violations) of the alleg	ged EPA underpayment. This mear	EPA suits must be brought ns that backpay due for	
f you file suit,	based on this charge, please send	a copy of your court complai	int to this office.		
		On behali	f of the Commission	3-18-13	
Enclosures(s)		Malcolm S District D		(Date Mailed)	
(F c/ C 77	ity of North Miami Police Department) To Regine M. Monestime, Esq. Ity Attorney's Office TO NE 125th Street Orth Miami, FL 33161		RECEIVED WAR 21 2013 OFFICE OF THE	AND	

INFORMATION RELATED TO FILING SUIT UNDER THE LAWS ENFORCED BY THE EEOC

(This information relates to filing suit in Federal or State court <u>under Federal law.</u>

If you also plan to sue claiming violations of State law, please be aware that time limits and other provisions of State law may be shorter or more limited than those described below.)

PRIVATE SUIT RIGHTS

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (GINA), or the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA):

In order to pursue this matter further, you must file a lawsuit against the respondent(s) named in the charge within 90 days of the date you receive this Notice. Therefore, you should keep a record of this date. Once this 90-day period is over, your right to sue based on the charge referred to in this Notice will be lost. If you intend to consult an attorney, you should do so promptly. Give your attorney a copy of this Notice, and its envelope, and tell him or her the date you received it. Furthermore, in order to avoid any question that you did not act in a timely manner, it is prudent that your suit be filed within 90 days of the date this Notice was mailed to you (as indicated where the Notice is signed) or the date of the postmark, if later.

Your lawsuit may be filed in U.S. District Court or a State court of competent jurisdiction. (Usually, the appropriate State court is the general civil trial court.) Whether you file in Federal or State court is a matter for you to decide after talking to your attorney. Filing this Notice is not enough. You must file a "complaint" that contains a short statement of the facts of your case which shows that you are entitled to relief. Your suit may include any matter alleged in the charge or, to the extent permitted by court decisions, matters like or related to the matters alleged in the charge. Generally, suits are brought in the State where the alleged unlawful practice occurred, but in some cases can be brought where relevant employment records are kept, where the employment would have been, or where the respondent has its main office. If you have simple questions, you usually can get answers from the office of the clerk of the court where you are bringing suit, but do not expect that office to write your complaint or make legal strategy decisions for you.

PRIVATE SUIT RIGHTS -- Equal Pay Act (EPA):

EPA suits must be filed in court within 2 years (3 years for willful violations) of the alleged EPA underpayment: back pay due for violations that occurred **more than 2 years (3 years) before you file suit** may not be collectible. For example, if you were underpaid under the EPA for work performed from 7/1/08 to 12/1/08, you should file suit before 7/1/10 – not 12/1/10 – in order to recover unpaid wages due for July 2008. This time limit for filing an EPA suit is separate from the 90-day filing period under Title VII, the ADA, GINA or the ADEA referred to above. Therefore, if you also plan to sue under Title VII, the ADA, GINA or the ADEA, in addition to suing on the EPA claim, suit must be filed within 90 days of this Notice and within the 2- or 3-year EPA back pay recovery period.

ATTORNEY REPRESENTATION - Title VII, the ADA or GINA:

If you cannot afford or have been unable to obtain a lawyer to represent you, the U.S. District Court having jurisdiction in your case may, in limited circumstances, assist you in obtaining a lawyer. Requests for such assistance must be made to the U.S. District Court in the form and manner it requires (you should be prepared to explain in detail your efforts to retain an attorney). Requests should be made well before the end of the 90-day period mentioned above, because such requests do not relieve you of the requirement to bring suit within 90 days.

ATTORNEY REFERRAL AND EEOC ASSISTANCE -- All Statutes:

You may contact the EEOC representative shown on your Notice if you need help in finding a lawyer or if you have any questions about your legal rights, including advice on which U.S. District Court can hear your case. If you need to inspect or obtain a copy of information in EEOC's file on the charge, please request it promptly in writing and provide your charge number (as shown on your Notice). While EEOC destroys charge files after a certain time, all charge files are kept for at least 6 months after our last action on the case. Therefore, if you file suit and want to review the charge file, please make your review request within 6 months of this Notice. (Before filing suit, any request should be made within the next 90 days.)

U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO SUE (ISSUED ON REQUEST)

To: Kathleen Ruggiero 1650 NE 178th Street North Miami Beach, FL 33162

From: Miami District Office

Miami Tower, 100 S E 2nd Street

Suite 1500

1000	mount would be a second		Miami, FL 33131		
	On behalf of person(s) aggric CONFIDENTIAL (29 CFR §10				
EEOC Charg	e No.	EEOC Representative	Telephone No.		
		Laverne Foreshaw,			
510-2012-	03181	Investigator	(305) 808-1811		
N OTICE TO TH	e Person Aggrieved:	(See also ti	ne additional information enclosed with this form,)		
Act (GINA): been issued of your rece	This is your Notice of Right t at your request. Your lawsu	, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), on the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), on Sue, issued under Title VII, the ADA or GINA must be file ght to sue based on this charge will be lost. (The	d in a federal or state court WITHIN 90 DAYS		
X	More than 180 days have p	passed since the filing of this charge.			
		passed since the filing of this charge, but I have onlinistrative processing within 180 days from the			
X	The EEOC is terminating it	s processing of this charge.			
	The EEOC will continue to	process this charge.			
		t (ADEA): You may sue under the ADEA at any nave completed action on the charge. In this reg	time from 60 days after the charge was filed until pard, the paragraph marked below applies to		
X		case. Therefore, your lawsuit under the ADEA rof this Notice. Otherwise, your right to sue bas			
	The EEOC is continuing its handling of your ADEA case. However, if 60 days have passed since the filing of the charge, you may file suit in federal or state court under the ADEA at this time.				
n federal or st	tate court within 2 years (3 ye	the right to sue under the EPA (filing an EEOC chears for willful violations) of the alleged EPA unde 2 years (3 years) before you file suit may no			
f you file suit,	based on this charge, please	e send a copy of your court complaint to this office	2.		
		On behalf of the Comm	nission (3-18-13		
Enclosures(s)	Malcolm S. Medley, District Director	(Date Mailed)		
	ty of North Miami olice Department)				

c/o Regine M. Monestime, Esq. City Attorney's Office
776 NE 125th Street North Miami, FL 33161

INFORMATION RELATED TO FILING SUIT UNDER THE LAWS ENFORCED BY THE EEOC

(This information relates to filing suit in Federal or State court <u>under Federal law.</u>
If you also plan to sue claiming violations of State law, please be aware that time limits and other provisions of State law may be shorter or more limited than those described below.)

PRIVATE SUIT RIGHTS

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (GINA), or the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA):

In order to pursue this matter further, you must file a lawsuit against the respondent(s) named in the charge <u>within 90 days</u> of the date you receive this Notice. Therefore, you should keep a record of this date. Once this 90-day period is over, your right to sue based on the charge referred to in this Notice will be lost. If you intend to consult an attorney, you should do so promptly. Give your attorney a copy of this Notice, and its envelope, and tell him or her the date you received it. Furthermore, in order to avoid any question that you did not act in a timely manner, it is prudent that your suit be filed within 90 days of the date this Notice was mailed to you (as indicated where the Notice is signed) or the date of the postmark, if later.

Your lawsuit may be filed in U.S. District Court or a State court of competent jurisdiction. (Usually, the appropriate State court is the general civil trial court.) Whether you file in Federal or State court is a matter for you to decide after talking to your attorney. Filing this Notice is not enough. You must file a "complaint" that contains a short statement of the facts of your case which shows that you are entitled to relief. Your suit may include any matter alleged in the charge or, to the extent permitted by court decisions, matters like or related to the matters alleged in the charge. Generally, suits are brought in the State where the alleged unlawful practice occurred, but in some cases can be brought where relevant employment records are kept, where the employment would have been, or where the respondent has its main office. If you have simple questions, you usually can get answers from the office of the clerk of the court where you are bringing suit, but do not expect that office to write your complaint or make legal strategy decisions for you.

PRIVATE SUIT RIGHTS -- Equal Pay Act (EPA):

EPA suits must be filed in court within 2 years (3 years for willful violations) of the alleged EPA underpayment: back pay due for violations that occurred **more than 2 years (3 years) before you file suit** may not be collectible. For example, if you were underpaid under the EPA for work performed from 7/1/08 to 12/1/08, you should file suit before 7/1/10 – not 12/1/10 – in order to recover unpaid wages due for July 2008. This time limit for filing an EPA suit is separate from the 90-day filing period under Title VII, the ADA, GINA or the ADEA referred to above. Therefore, if you also plan to sue under Title VII, the ADA, GINA or the ADEA, in addition to suing on the EPA claim, suit must be filed within 90 days of this Notice and within the 2- or 3-year EPA back pay recovery period.

ATTORNEY REPRESENTATION - Title VII, the ADA or GINA:

If you cannot afford or have been unable to obtain a lawyer to represent you, the U.S. District Court having jurisdiction in your case may, in limited circumstances, assist you in obtaining a lawyer. Requests for such assistance must be made to the U.S. District Court in the form and manner it requires (you should be prepared to explain in detail your efforts to retain an attorney). Requests should be made well before the end of the 90-day period mentioned above, because such requests do not relieve you of the requirement to bring suit within 90 days.

ATTORNEY REFERRAL AND EEOC ASSISTANCE -- All Statutes:

You may contact the EEOC representative shown on your Notice if you need help in finding a lawyer or if you have any questions about your legal rights, including advice on which U.S. District Court can hear your case. If you need to inspect or obtain a copy of information in EEOC's file on the charge, please request it promptly in writing and provide your charge number (as shown on your Notice). While EEOC destroys charge files after a certain time, all charge files are kept for at least 6 months after our last action on the case. Therefore, if you file suit and want to review the charge file, please make your review request within 6 months of this Notice. (Before filing suit, any request should be made within the next 90 days.)